# Erasmus+

# CB HE operational management rules and procedures

How to successfully implement the project?



22 November 2023
Faculty of Management of
Herceg Novi



### Your CB HE project

### The European Commission

- Policy making, priority setting
- Budget allocation
- Impact evaluation

#### **EACEA**

- Management of calls
- Supports and monitors project implementation

#### At national level

- National
   Agencies (EU
   countries and
   third countries
   associated
- Erasmus+
   Offices (third countries not associated)
- EU Delegations (all Partner countires)

#### Your stakeholders

- National authorities, HEI services/depts in the partner orgs., target groups and final beneficiaries;
- Other CBHE
   projects in:
   your region /
   your HEI / your
   thematic area;



#### Erasmus+ Focus on third countries not associated to the programme

#### **Responsible for:**

Enhancing relevance / added value of the project results

Raising awareness & disseminating results

Involving target groups and local stakeholders

Ensuring implementation and sustainability of the project results

Respecting national requirements / legal constraints



### Partnership agreement

- **❖**Formalize of **internal project and grant management procedures**
- **Covers all aspects of the project:** 
  - The partners role and responsibilities
  - Financial Management
  - Project management and decision-making process
  - Project Quality Assurance
  - Decision/Conflict resolution mechanisms
- **❖** National constraints/legislation
- ❖Must be negotiated with partners and signed by the legal representatives





### Clarify the roles and know the rules

#### Coordinator

- Oversees the implementation of activities
- Manages the funds and ensures the respect of CBHE rules
- Central communication point with partners and stakeholders

- In regular contact with the EACEA (project officer)
- Submits interim and final reports and requests for payment to EACEA

#### Partners

- Implement activities under their responsibility
- Support the coordinator (e.g. providing information and supporting documents for reporting on time!)
- Work in full transparency with the coordinator (inform of any changes / delays)
- Contribute to the dissemination of the project results in their organisation, community and/or region



### Changes to the agreement

#### **Types of changes:**

Changes which do not require a formal amendment (prior written authorization)



Changes which require an amendment



Minor changes

In doubt, please contact your **EACEA** project officer.



### **Project implementation**

Institutional commitment



Precondition for success!!!

- ✓ Ensure involvement of **key services** (academic authorities, Finance Department, International Office, Students & Staff)
- **✓On board from the start**
- ✓ Rely on the **expertise** in terms of administrative/financial Constraints
- ✓ Set the basis for the internal dissemination and plan the sustainability



### Ownership, roles & rules

#### Be aware of:

- Your role
- All project contractual and financial documents
- Your Institution's internal rules
- The national legislation & constraints
- Similar cooperation projects implemented in your institution and country

...and be the owner of your project!





### Quality assurance



What?

How?

- Monitor process (methodology and progress) and results (final outputs)
- Assess the compliance of activities and results with the project objectives
- Keep always in mind the sustainability & impact of project results
- Establish a Quality Plan from the start
- Fix your **indicators** (LFM) and **tools** (Gantt charts, dashboards, SWOT analysis)
- Plan internal and external quality review on mechanism and deliverables from competent experts



#### Dissemination of results



#### What?

- Define internal and external target groups (incl. public authorities)
- Elaborate a specific Dissemination Strategy (What, Why, Who, How?)
- Define the expected impact and measure it

#### How?

- Project website (contractual obligation)
- Project flyers/leaflets/brochures
- Social Media, media releases, newsletters
- Public events, meetings seminars



### Visibility of project results

#### Legal requirements in the Grant agreement:

- Availability of materials produced
- Stickers on purchased equipment
- Use correct logo and disclaimers
- See Agency's website:

https://eacea.ec.europa.eu/about-eacea/visual-identity\_en

Project outputs must indicate the EU funding. All materials must carry the Erasmus+ logo and mention "Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union".





Upload the results of the project to the Erasmus+ Dissemination Platform:

https://ec.europa.eu/programm es/erasmus-plus/projects



### Impact and sustainability



#### How can we define impact?

- Effects of the project on:
- Individuals,
- Institutions,
- Education systems.
- They have to introduce a **positive**, visible, sustainable change.



## What do we expect in terms of sustainability?

- Whatever has been created by the project should continue after the project;
- HEIs will be willing to fund their maintenance and renewal;
- A project should not be a one man show: <u>institutional ownership is</u> <u>essencial</u>!



### Impact and sustainability



- Focus on enhancing the capacities of the partner institutions (better governance, new services) and individuals (competencies and skills)
- Address key stakeholders (university authorities, policy makers, labour market) to ensure their support to exploit the results beyond the end of the project



- Measure your impact (expected and real) through LFM indicators
- Ensure multiplier effects inside and outside your institutions at regional and national level
- Attract co-funding or other forms of support





### Maximizing the impact

Widen impact

Impact on institutions: modernization of HEIs and reforming HE



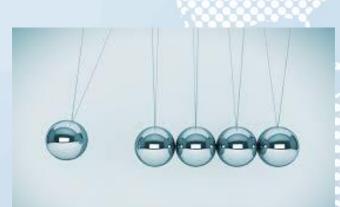
Societal impact: public policies and society

Impact in different times

Short term changes in: knowledge, skills, aspirations, attitudes, awareness

Medium term changes in: behavior, practices, procedures, values, decision making

Long term changes in: policies, legislation, economy, society, technology, environment





### Equipment



- Equipment is instrumental to project activities.
- To be purchased not latter than 12 months before the end of the project.
- Identical equipment/amount for every single partner is unrealistic and shows no links with real needs of HEIs.



### New budget type

Lump sum

#### Significant simplification potential:

- Despite all simplification, funding based on "budget-based" grants aka reimbursement of actual, incurred costs stays complex and error-prone
- Lump sum funding removes all obligations on actual, incurred cost reporting per project and financial ex-post audits i.e. a major reduction of administrative burden

#### Focus on **performance**:

• Shift in focus from financial management and checking costs to content of the projects (outcomes, milestones and deliverables)



### Reporting

#### Continuous reporting (CR)

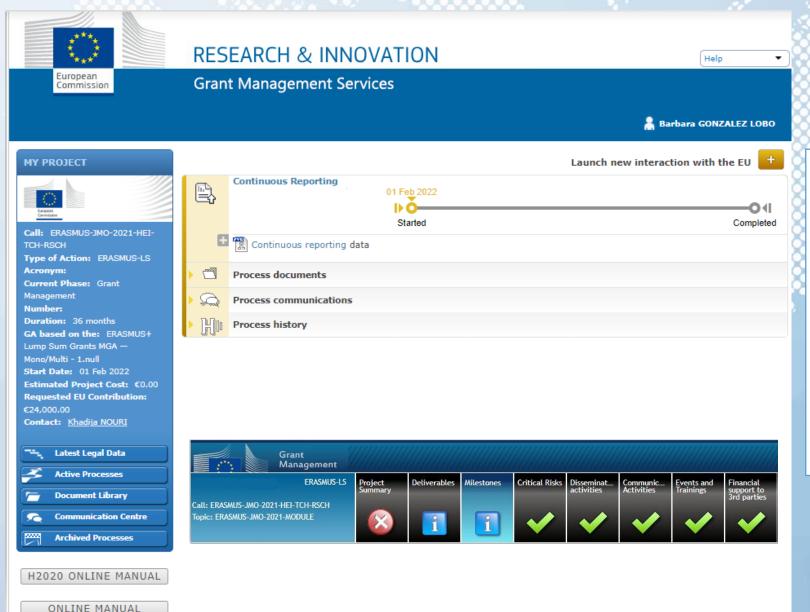
- During the active period of the project (and beyond)
- CR data to be entered regularly (periodic uploading of results

#### Periodic reporting (PR)

- Specific reporting periods leading (or not) to payments
- Linked to reporting & payments
- Mid term, 18 months or 24 months



#### Erasmus + Continuous reporting: Grant Management Portal



- Project Summary
- Deliverables
- Milestones
- Critical risks
- Dissemination activities
- Communication activities
- Events and Trainings



#### Reporting obligations

#### **Additional Pre-financing Report**

(within 60 days after the end of the reporting period)

Technical report

Pre financing request 2<sup>nd</sup> prefin

#### Final periodic report

Final technical report

Final Summary Financial statement

Final payment

Electronic submission via the F&T portal.



### **Ex-post controls**

#### Checks, reviews, audits for:



- Proper implementation of the action (e.g. technical/project review)
- Compliance with the other obligations of the grant:
  - Data protection
  - IPR obligations
  - Visibility of EU Funding
  - Other obligations (e.g. ethics, values, etc.)

No more financial audits by the Commission.



### **Ex-post controls**

#### One needs

Project related documents

Publications, milestones, deliverables

Who did that?

Any document providing that the work was done as detailed in Annex 1 of GA

# One doesn't need to show to the AGENCY

Time sheets

Pay slips or employment contracts

Depreciation policy

Travel invoices

... to show or prove actual costs



### **EACEA** monitoring and support

Support and advice

Ensuring the project is on track and respects CBHE requirements

Supporting the partnership during the project implementation

Anticipating difficulties

Reviewing performance



Monitoring intensity is based on a "risk assessment"



### **EACEA** field monitoring

#### Aim of field monitoring:

- Check that the project advances **according to the work** plan
- Check that **partners are fully involved** in the project
- **Prevent problems** due to weak project implementation
- Special emphasis on the **visibility/sustainability/impact** of the project results in the partner country(/-ies)



#### Format of the visits:

- Conducted by **EACEA / External Experts / EU Delegation**
- At coord. HEI / at Partner Country partner / during consortium meeting
- Interview of project actors / visit premises (equipment if any)
- **Recommendations** by EACEA to the partnership



# Good luck with your project implementation!



#### Thank you for your attention! Rina Muhaj

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